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Nebraska Child Care Market Rate Survey Report 2019





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The Buffett Early Childhood Institute at the University of Nebraska promotes the development and learning of children from birth through age 8. Our vision is to make Nebraska the best place in the nation to be a baby. Visit <u>buffettinstitute.nebraska.edu</u> for more information.

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Introduction

The Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG) Act of 2014 was reauthorized with renewed emphasis placed on the Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) program, which seeks to provide equal access to quality child care for families. The CCDF program is necessary to ensure children from low-income families have the opportunity to experience stable, high-quality early experiences while their parents experience a pathway to economic stability. A primary goal of the CCDF program is to ensure that low-income families receive CCDF funds to help them access quality child care in the same manner as families that pay the full rate for child care services (Davis et al., 2017).

The CCDBG Act requires Lead Agencies to engage in a number of activities designed to inform families receiving CCDF assistance, the general public, and child care providers of various aspects of the new law. This includes a requirement for Lead Agencies to conduct a market rate survey or alternative methodology to establish provider payment rates. Various factors should be considered when provider payment rates are established to ensure children from low-income families have equal access to high-quality child care. Federal regulations indicate that the 75th percentile payment rate is a benchmark for gauging equal access for families receiving subsidy. However, States/ Territories are given the freedom to determine their own rates and eligibility requirements for families and programs.

The Nebraska Department of Health and Human Services (NDHHS) is the CCDF Lead Agency in Nebraska. While the reauthorized CCDBG allows states to conduct a market rate survey every three years, state legislation requires that NDHHS adjust the reimbursement rate for child care every odd numbered year. For 2019, NDHHS contracted with the Buffett Early Childhood Institute (referred to as Institute throughout the remainder of this manuscript) at the University of Nebraska to conduct a market rate survey (MRS) for child care in the state of Nebraska. The 2019 MRS was designed to meet the following federal benchmarks: (a) includes the priced child care market; (b) provides complete and current data; (c) represents geographic variations; (d) uses rigorous data collection procedures; and (e) analyzes data in a manner that captures market differences as a function of age group, provider type, and geographic location (45 CFR § 98.4).

Consistent with the 2017 MRS, the Institute conducted a survey of all licensed child care providers across the state to obtain private pay child care rates for children with or without special needs. Categories of focus for data collection and reporting included:

- 1. Geographic Location: Rural or Urban;
- 2. Type of Care: Family Child Care Home I, Family Child Care Home II, Child Care Center, and School Age License;
- 3. Age Group of Children: Infant, Toddler, Pre-school, and School-age;
- 4. Special needs status: Medical and Behavioral;
- 5. Accreditation;
- 6. Extent to which child care providers participate in Child Care Subsidy Program;
- 7. Barriers to child care providers accepting the Child Care Subsidy Program;
- 8. Proportion of children who receive subsidy;
- 9. What limits, if any, providers place on the number of children they will accept with the Child Care Subsidy Program;
- 10. What level the provider participates in Nebraska's Quality Rating and Improvement system, Step Up to Quality (SUTQ), or other systems of quality indicators;
- 11. Cost of implementation required for Health and Safety trainings; and
- 12. Traditional and non-traditional care.

In addition to conducting the 2019 MRS, the Institute agreed to perform the following services for NDHHS:

- Analyze data. Executive summary and recommendations presented in a format
 and file type approved by the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS),
 summarizing overall study findings and providing recommendations to Lead
 Agencies as mentioned above. Analyses of rates will be presented in Hourly and
 Day units reflective of 50th through 100th percentiles in increments of 5.
- 2. Preliminary data estimates in Hourly and Day units categorized by geographic location, type of Child Care Provider, and age group of child.
- 3. Write and deliver a comprehensive report of study process and results.
- 4. Produce a secondary comprehensive report that calculates rates reflective of half day/full day units and half week/full week units.
- 5. Provide ongoing support, including presentation of study process and findings to stakeholder groups.

Methodology

SURVEY DEVELOPMENT

This survey was conducted by the Buffett Early Childhood Institute on behalf of the NDHHS to study the 2019 market rate prices for child care in Nebraska. The 2019 child care market rates will inform the child care subsidy reimbursement rates. The Buffett Institute research team closely collaborated with the NDHHS to develop a draft of the survey based on the State's previous MRS in 2011, 2015, and 2017. The draft was then reviewed and discussed by a steering committee that provided additional guidance and facilitated the decision-making process for the Nebraska MRS. The steering committee¹ was composed of experts who are experienced with the MRS and child care in Nebraska. The final survey content was approved by DHHS prior to survey administration.

The final survey included questions related to (a) rate information by provider type, child age, and geographic setting; (b) program descriptors (i.e., ZIP code, staff, hours of part-time and full-time care, children enrolled, enrollment fee); (c) quality measures and participation (i.e., accreditation, funding); (d) child descriptive information (i.e., children with special needs, homeless and migrant children); and (f) barriers for providers with a Child Care Subsidy agreement. The survey was carefully reviewed and completed by key stakeholders and various employees in the Institute to ensure the questions were clear and the survey was clean of typos, etc. To facilitate distribution of the survey to providers across the state, the Institute contracted with the Bureau of Sociological Research (BOSR) at the University of Nebraska–Lincoln. BOSR also provided consultation on the layout and design of the survey as well as specific survey items. The process for survey distribution is described in detail below. The final survey is included in Appendix A.

SURVEY DISTRIBUTION AND SAMPLING

The survey was initially mailed to child care providers on February 1, 2019 and data collection remained active through April 26, 2019. The total data collection window lasted approximately 12 weeks. Participation in the survey was voluntary; providers

¹ Brandee Lengel, Co-Executive Director at Nebraska Association for the Education of Young Children. Ben Baumfalk, Policy Research Analyst at First Five Nebraska.

Lisa Knoche, Research Associate Professor at Nebraska Center for Research on Children, Youth, Families, and Schools.

Jen Goettemoeller, Owner and Consultant at Prairie Oak Publishing & Consulting.

could selectively choose to respond to each question. There were three phases in the survey distribution and sampling process; these are specified below.

Phase 1. For phase I, NDHHS provided the list of currently licensed child care providers in Nebraska, n=3,220. BOSR project staff removed any duplicated providers' addresses, resulting in an eligible survey sample of 3,219. The team planned a census approach to surveying all 3,219 licensed child care providers in Nebraska.

In the initial mailing, a survey packet including a cover letter explaining the survey, a copy of the survey, and a postage pre-paid addressed business reply envelope for the survey to be mailed back to BOSR was mailed to each child care provider. A \$1 incentive was also enclosed with the other materials as a small token of appreciation regardless of the provider's decision to participate. The initial mailing was sent to providers on February 1, 2019. For each address, the director of the child care program was asked to complete the questionnaire.

Phase 2. One week after the first mailing, all licensed child care providers were mailed a postcard reminding them to complete the survey. This reminder postcard was sent to providers on February 8, 2019.

A final mailing went out on February 22, 2019, to all non-respondents, which replicated the materials sent in the first mailing except for the \$1 incentive. All communication materials were in English and can be found in Appendix B.

Phase 3. In phase III, survey non-respondents received up to three phone calls from BOSR reminding them to complete the survey. BOSR answered any providers' questions. BOSR also contacted school districts that have a research board to identify school-based child care programs. BOSR requested the research boards fill out the survey in batches for multiple centers within the same district that offer the same rates. The phone call reminders began March 22, 2019 and ended April 12, 2019. The sample pool for phase III included 2,760 licensed providers in Nebraska who did not complete the initial survey. From Phase III, a total of 1,236 responses (44.78%) out of the 2,760 non-responses were collected.

Final Sample. After a data cleansing process excluding invalid responses and unlicensed providers, 1,695 (52.66%) valid responses were obtained for use in data analyses. The response rate of 52.66% was calculated using the American Association for Public Opinion Research's (AAPOR) standard definition for Response Rate 2. Of the 3,219 total licensed child care providers, 0.3% (n=10) were determined to be ineligible (e.g., no such address, vacant, closed business) and 3.0% (n=97) were undeliverable addresses with unknown eligibility. Refusals (e.g., blank survey returned, letter, phone

call, or email stating refusal to participate, including batch refusals for entire school systems or sites) and refused mail were obtained from 5.4% (n=175) of the sample.

All analyses reported include three provider types:

- Family Child Care Home I & II (Home I & II)
- Center-based by combining Child Care Centers and Preschools (Center-based)
- School Age License (School Age).

Two geographic distinctions (rural and urban) were made using DHHS's previously established data reporting categories (Child Care Subsidy Rates, 2018). The 2019 Nebraska MRS adopted these two geographic categories; DHHS had already classified all 93 Nebraska counties into one of the two geographic categories. Four counties were classified as urban, and the remaining 89 counties were considered rural. The survey represents geographic variation with responded providers. Figure 1 presents the geographic locations of provider responses by county across the State.

FIGURE 1. | LOCATIONS OF RESPONDED PROVIDERS

DATA MANAGEMENT

Data Processing. Mail survey data were entered using Epi Info 6 software. The data were saved on BOSR's secure network file server. Data entry was completed by an experienced data-entry staff. All of the data-entry workers had previous experience in data entry using Epi Info 6 on other mail survey projects. The data-entry staff was supervised by full-time BOSR project staff.

Data entry was completed in two steps. First, one data-entry worker would enter responses from a single survey. Second, another data-entry worker would re-key the survey and be alerted of any discrepancies with the first entry. Supervisory staff members were available to answer questions about discrepancies or illegible responses.

Data Entry and Cleansing. Data collected from child care providers via the mailings were recorded and stored by BOSR staff on a secure server located within the Sociology Department at the University of Nebraska–Lincoln. The Statistical Package for the Social Sciences (SPSS) software package was used to process and document the dataset. The dataset was exported from Epi Info 6 into an SPSS system file. BOSR removed any cases that were duplicate or blank. The first step in data cleaning was to run frequency distributions on each variable in the survey. The second step was to generate variable and value labels. The final step in data cleaning was to check for out-of-range values on all survey items. Recoding was done to correct for the most obvious errors/ inconsistencies in the data. There were a several write-in answers as well, which were added as non-numeric additional values.

Outlier detection. Additional data cleaning techniques removed outliers, or extreme values, from key variables. Frequency distributions along with a visual display of the data were used to detect the outliers for removal at both the low and high ends of the distributions of rates.

It is important to be cautious interpreting the findings given the small number of providers that responded to key questions in the survey. Although the reported response rate of 1,695 is consistent with previous market rate surveys in Nebraska, in our study this value represents the number of providers that responded to any portion of the survey. This does not mean the provider responded to all of the survey questions. In fact, the number of providers responding to key questions about hourly/daily rates charged was much smaller than the total reported response rate.

Data Analyses. We used the SPSS software (version 25) and the Tableau (version 13) to conduct descriptive data analyses and provide a geographic display of key findings.

Key Findings

Findings are provided across four key areas: (a) a description of the survey respondents; (b) the child care market rates; (c) program descriptions; and (d) special populations served.

SURVEY RESPONDENTS

Table 1 displays the number and percentage of accredited licensed child care providers for each of the three provider types. Table 2 presents the number and percentage of responded providers who are accredited and who serve children at each age group by provider type and geographic location. Table 3 presents the number and percentage of non-accredited licensed child care providers for each of the three provider types. Figure 2 presents the distribution of the sample by provider type.

TABLE 1. | NUMBER (%) OF ACCREDITED PROVIDERS PER PROVIDER TYPE

PROVIDER	ACCREDITED	NOT ACCREDITED
Home I & II	192 (12.77%)	798 (53.09%)
Center-based	97 (6.45%)	317 (21.09%)
School Age	20 (1.33%)	79 (5.26%)

TABLE 2. NUMBER (%) OF ACCREDITED PROVIDERS SERVING EACH AGE GROUP BY PROVIDER TYPE AND GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION

	INFANT		TODE	DLER	PRESCHO	OOL AGE	SCHOOL AGE	
PROVIDER	URBAN	RURAL	URBAN	RURAL	URBAN	RURAL	URBAN	RURAL
Home I & II	66 (28.09%)	117 (49.49%)	66 (26.51%)	120 (48.19%)	65 (23.55%)	120 (43.48%)	50 (22.03%)	102 (44.93%)
Center-based	35 (14.89%)	17 (7.23%)	42 (16.87%)	21 (8.43%)	49 (17.75%)	42 (15.22%)	33 (14.54%)	22 (9.69%)
School Age	0	0	0	0	0	0	16 (7.05%)	4 (1.76%)
Total	101	134	108	141	114	162	99	128

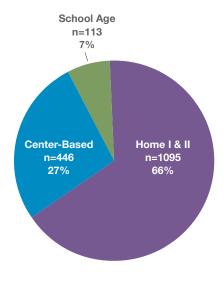
Note. Percentage is calculated by dividing the number of providers within each cell by the total number of each child type (N_{infant} = 235; $N_{toddler}$ = 249; $N_{preschool}$ = 276; $N_{school-age}$ = 227).

TABLE 3. | NUMBER (%) OF NON-ACCREDITED PROVIDERS SERVING EACH AGE GROUP BY PROVIDER TYPE AND GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION

	INFANT		TODI	TODDLER		OOL AGE	SCHOOL AGE	
PROVIDER	URBAN	RURAL	URBAN	RURAL	URBAN	RURAL	URBAN	RURAL
Home I & II	278 (29.20%)	476 (50.00%)	294 (29.52%)	486 (48.80%)	289 (26.69%)	480 (44.32%)	215 (24.05%)	410 (45.86%)
Center-based	100 (10.50%)	98 (10.29%)	109 (10.94%)	107 (10.74%)	150 (13.85%)	160 (14.77%)	89 (9.96%)	103 (11.52%)
School Age	0	0	0	0	2 (0.18%)	2 (0.18%)	56 (6.26%)	21 (2.35%)
Total	378	574	403	593	441	642	360	534

Note. Percentage is calculated by dividing the number of providers within each cell by the total number of each child type ($N_{infant} = 952$; $N_{toddler} = 996$; $N_{preschool} = 1,083$; $N_{school-age} = 894$).

FIGURE 2. | DISTRIBUTION AND PERCENTAGE OF THE SAMPLE BY PROVIDER TYPE



CHILD CARE MARKET RATES

Full-Time Rates

Tables 4 & 5 show the full-time rates at the 50th-100th percentiles in increments of 5 by provider type (Home I & II, Center-based; school age was excluded due to insufficient number of school age-only providers), age level of child (infant, toddler, preschool age, school age), and by pricing modes (hourly, daily). The 75th percentile of rates is the price at which 75% of child care slots may be purchased. Several trends are apparent in Tables 4 & 5. Regardless of pricing mode, geographic area, or age level of children, the rates for Home I & II are generally consistently lower than that for center-based care; rates in rural areas are lower than rates in urban areas; and the rates for infants and toddlers tend to be slightly higher than that for preschool and school age children. Tables 6a-d provide the sample sizes and range of rates for hourly and daily full-time care across geographic setting, child age, and provider type.

2019 Nebraska Market Rate Survey Results Full-Time Rates

TABLE 4. | HOW MUCH DO CHILD CARE PROVIDERS CHARGE IN URBAN+ COUNTIES?

	INFANT				TODI	DLER			PRESC	CHOOL			SCHOO	DL AGE		
	H0 I 8			TER- Sed	HO 1 8	ME & II		TER- Sed	HO 1 8	ME & II	CEN BAS	TER- Sed	HO 3 I	ME & II		TER- Sed
PR*	HOUR	DAY	HOUR	DAY	HOUR	DAY	HOUR	DAY	HOUR	DAY	HOUR	DAY	HOUR	DAY	HOUR	DAY
50	4.50	30.00	6.80	43.50	4.00	30.00	6.35	41.55	4.00	30.00	6.00	38.00	4.00	30.00	6.00	34.50
55	4.50	30.00	7.00	44.85	4.00	30.00	6.50	42.00	4.00	30.00	6.00	39.00	4.00	30.00	6.00	35.00
60	4.50	30.00	7.00	45.00	4.40	30.00	6.50	42.40	4.30	30.00	6.25	39.20	4.50	30.00	6.00	35.40
65	5.00	32.00	7.00	45.56	4.50	30.00	7.00	43.53	4.50	30.00	6.60	40.00	4.50	30.00	6.00	36.00
70	5.00	35.00	7.35	46.00	5.00	30.20	7.10	45.00	5.00	30.70	6.80	40.00	5.00	30.00	6.30	36.00
75	5.00	35.00	8.00	48.81	5.00	33.00	7.50	45.30	5.00	33.00	7.00	41.13	5.00	30.00	6.50	38.25
80	5.00	35.00	8.00	50.00	5.00	35.00	7.95	47.00	5.00	35.00	7.40	44.00	5.00	32.00	7.00	40.00
85	6.00	36.00	8.59	50.00	5.00	35.00	8.00	48.00	5.00	35.00	7.50	45.00	5.00	35.00	7.00	40.00
90	6.45	40.00	8.98	52.30	5.70	36.70	8.00	50.00	5.70	36.00	7.70	45.80	5.15	35.00	7.10	44.60
95	7.95	45.00	9.00	55.00	7.20	40.00	8.10	55.00	7.00	40.00	8.00	49.90	6.65	40.00	7.55	50.00
100	9.00	50.00	9.00	59.00	8.50	45.00	8.50	55.00	8.50	45.00	8.00	55.00	8.50	45.00	8.00	55.00

⁺Urban counties included Douglas, Lancaster, Sarpy, and Dakota (all other counties were considered rural).

^{*}PR denotes percentile rank.

TABLE 5. | HOW MUCH DO CHILD CARE PROVIDERS CHARGE IN RURAL COUNTIES?

		INF	ANT			TODI	DLER			PRES	CHOOL			SCHOO	OL AGE	
		ME & II		TER- Sed	H0 1 8	ME & II		TER- Sed)ME & II		TER- Sed		ME & II		TER- Sed
PR*	HOUR	DAY	HOUR	DAY	HOUR	DAY	HOUR	DAY	HOUR	DAY	HOUR	DAY	HOUR	DAY	HOUR	DAY
50	2.85	25.00	4.35	32.00	2.75	25.00	4.00	30.00	2.75	25.00	4.00	29.00	2.75	24.00	4.00	28.00
55	3.00	25.00	4.50	32.20	2.85	25.00	4.11	30.00	2.85	25.00	4.00	30.00	3.00	25.00	4.00	29.90
60	3.00	25.00	4.73	33.00	3.00	25.00	4.25	31.00	3.00	25.00	4.00	30.00	3.00	25.00	4.00	30.00
65	3.00	25.00	5.00	33.52	3.00	25.00	4.50	31.00	3.00	25.00	4.00	30.00	3.00	25.00	4.10	30.00
70	3.00	27.00	5.00	35.20	3.00	25.00	4.50	31.10	3.00	25.00	4.32	30.00	3.00	25.00	4.46	30.00
75	3.00	28.00	5.00	36.00	3.00	25.00	5.00	33.50	3.00	25.00	4.88	31.20	3.00	25.00	5.00	30.50
80	3.00	30.00	5.20	36.80	3.00	27.00	5.50	35.00	3.00	26.60	5.40	35.00	3.00	25.00	5.40	33.00
85	3.48	30.00	5.95	40.00	3.25	29.64	6.00	36.00	3.25	28.00	6.00	35.21	3.49	28.00	6.00	34.00
90	3.56	30.00	6.42	40.00	3.50	30.00	6.45	36.00	3.50	30.00	6.49	36.00	3.60	30.00	6.45	35.42
95	4.15	35.00	8.00	40.00	3.86	30.00	8.00	38.85	4.00	30.00	8.00	37.60	4.91	30.00	8.00	36.00
100	7.00	50.00	9.00	43.00	7.00	40.00	9.00	45.00	7.00	45.00	9.00	40.00	5.00	40.00	9.00	40.00

Tables 6a-d. Sample Sizes and Range of Rates for Full-Time Care

TABLE 6A. | URBAN SETTINGS - HOURLY

	INFANT	TODDLER	PRESCHOOL	SCHOOL AGE
Home I & II	80	75	75	86
Home I & II	\$2.00-9.00	\$2.00-8.50	\$2.40-8.50	\$2.75-8.50
Center-based	30	35	35	37
Genter-Dased	\$5.00-9.00	\$4.14-8.50	\$4.43-8.00	\$4.50-8.00

TABLE 6B. | RURAL SETTINGS - HOURLY

	INFANT	TODDLER	PRESCHOOL	SCHOOL AGE
Home I & II	273	270	270	266
nome i & ii	\$1.25-7.00	\$1.25-7.00	\$1.25-7.00	\$1.75-5.00
Center-based	47	54	61	60
Center-pased	\$2.50-9.00	\$2.25-9.00	\$2.00-9.00	\$2.00-9.00

TABLE 6C. | URBAN SETTINGS - DAILY

	INFANT	TODDLER	PRESCHOOL	SCHOOL AGE
Home I & II	168	162	160	177
nome i & ii	\$9.00-50.00	\$8.00-45.00	\$8.00-45.00	\$7.00-45.00
Conton boood	45	56	60	58
Center-based	\$30.00-59.00	\$20.00-55.00	\$20.00-55.00	\$7.00-55.00

TABLE 6D. | RURAL SETTINGS - DAILY

	INFANT	TODDLER	PRESCHOOL	SCHOOL AGE
Home I & II	283	280	275	273
nome i & ii	\$10.00-50.00	\$10.00-40.00	\$10.00-45.00	\$4.50-40.00
Contan boood	54	61	63	61
Center-based	\$20.00-43.00	\$20.00-45.00	\$15.00-40.00	\$4.00-40.00

When the rates were analyzed by county, distinct patterns of rates across the state appeared. Figures 3a-d depict how the rates vary across the state by child age.

FIGURE 3A. | AVERAGE INFANT FULL-TIME HOURLY RATES BY COUNTY

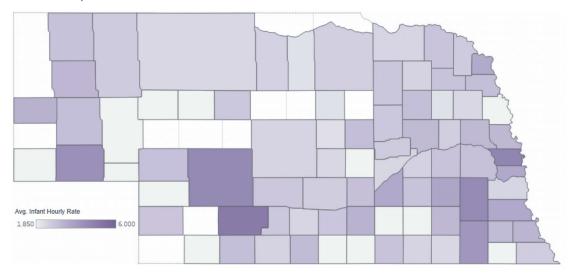
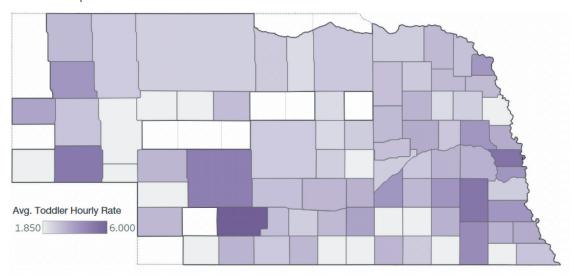


FIGURE 3B. | AVERAGE TODDLER FULL-TIME HOURLY RATES BY COUNTY



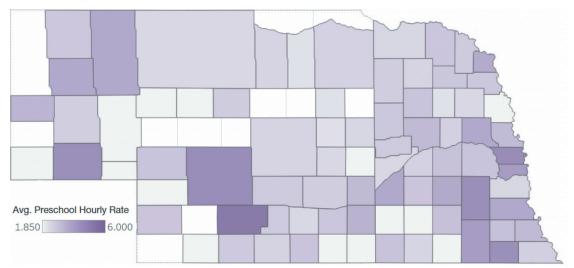
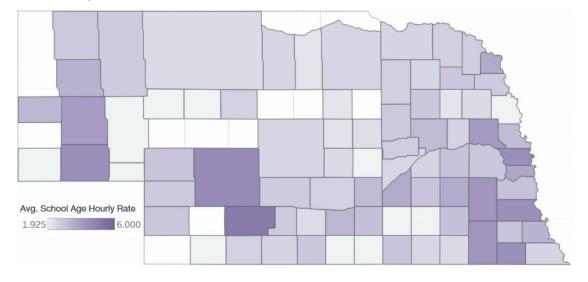


FIGURE 3C. | AVERAGE PRESCHOOL FULL-TIME HOURLY RATES BY COUNTY





PROGRAM DESCRIPTIONS

This section includes information on (1) current enrollment; (2) accreditation; (3) funding; (4) staffing; (5) operational hours; (6) enrollment fees; and (7) child care subsidy agreements.

Current Enrollment

Table 7 presents the average number of children enrolled per site by geography and provider type for the programs affiliated with the survey respondents. Overall, there are more children enrolled in Home I & II in rural than in urban settings. The number of children enrolled in Center-based care is about the same in rural and urban areas, with

slightly more in rural settings; interestingly, there are more children in Center-based care in urban settings per site, on average. There are more children enrolled in School Age care in urban than in rural settings.

TABLE 7. AVERAGE NUMBER OF CHILDREN ENROLLED PER SITE BY GEOGRAPHY AND PROVIDER TYPE

GEOGRAPHY	PROVIDER TYPE	MEAN	SD	N
Urban	Home I & II	8.95	4.51	403
	Center-based	86.34	52.21	214
	School Age	122.21	185.44	78
	Home I & II	10.61	5.16	683
Rural	Center-based	56.04	48.30	223
	School Age	70.78	63.35	27

Accreditation

Providers were asked about their current accreditation status. Accreditation is also available via licensing records. Table 8 indicates accreditation status and affiliations based on self-report from the MRS survey. 1,536 (90.62%) providers reported accreditation with at least one association.

TABLE 8. | CHILD CARE PROVIDERS' ACCREDITATION BY PROVIDER TYPE

ASSOCIATION	HOME I & IIa	CENTER- BASED ^b	SCHOOL AGE°
National Accreditation Commission for Early Care and Education Program (NACECEP)	72 (6.58%)	16 (3.59%)	3 (2.65%)
National Association for the Education of Young Children (NAEYC)	79 (7.21%)	51 (11.43%)	5 (4.42%)
National Early Childhood Program Accreditation (NECPA)	76 (6.94%)	14 (3.14%)	2 (1.77%)
National Association for Family Child Care (NAFCC)	85 (7.76%)	3 (0.67%)	1 (0.88%)
Association Montessori International (AMI)	2 (0.18%)	0 (0.00%)	0 (0.00%)
American Montessori Society (AMS)	1 (0.09%)	6 (1.35%)	0 (0.00%)
National After School Association (NASA)	3 (0.27%)	3 (0.67%)	9 (7.96%)

Note: The result is based on self-report. ^a Number of funded providers divided by the total number of Home I & II providers, n=1,095; ^b divided by the total number of center-based providers, n=446; ^c divided by the total of school age-only providers, n=113.

Funding

Overall, there were 1,130 providers (66.67%) out of the 1,695 respondents who reported receiving funding from at least one of the following: Head Start, Early Head Start, Sixpence, Step Up to Quality, Child and Adult Care Food Program, and/or T.E.A.C.H. Early Childhood® Nebraska. Table 9 presents the number and percentage of programs receiving each category of funding.

TABLE 9. | CHILD CARE PROVIDERS' REPORTED FUNDING SOURCES

FUNDING	HOME I & IIa	CENTER- BASED	SCHOOL AGE°
Head Start	11 (1.00%)	22 (4.93%)	0 (0.00%)
Early Head Start	6 (0.55%)	11 (2.47%)	0 (0.00%)
Sixpence	17 (1.55%)	21 (4.71%)	0 (0.00%)
Step Up to Quality	163 (14.88%)	155 (34.75%)	0 (0.00%)
Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP)	802 (73.24%)	196 (43.95%)	32 (28.32%)
T.E.A.C.H. Early Childhood® NEBRASKA	45 (4.11%)	70 (15.70%)	0 (0.00%)

Note: ^a Number of funded providers divided by the total number of Home I & II providers, n=1,095; ^b divided by the total number of center-based providers, n=446; ^c divided by the total of school age-only providers, n=113.

Staffing

Among the 1,695 providers, 1,141 (67.32%) providers responded on the number of employed part-time staff and 1,410 (83.19%) providers responded on the number of employed full-time staff. Table 10 presents the means and standard deviations for staff by provider type and geography. On average, there are more full-time staff per site for both Home I & II and Center-based care than part-time staff, regardless of geographic location; however, there are more part-time staff per site for School Age providers than full-time staff, regardless of geographic location. Overall, there are more full-time staff per site for Center-based care than Home I & II.

TABLE 10. AVERAGE NUMBER OF PART TIME AND FULL-TIME STAFF BY PROVIDER TYPE AND GEOGRAPHY

	PART-T	IME STAFF	FULL-TIM	E STAFF
PROVIDER TYPE	<i>URBAN</i> MEAN (SD)	RURAL MEAN (SD)	<i>URBAN</i> MEAN (SD)	RURAL MEAN (SD)
Home I & II	0.39 (0.73)	0.51 (1.01)	0.70 (0.60)	0.98 (6.28)
Center-based	7.64 (12.39)	5.96 (7.95)	12.73 (13.83)	7.32 (11.72)
School Age	18.90 (39.76)	5.28 (4.00)	3.50 (7.17)	2.71 (3.24)

Operational Hours

On average, the hours constituting full-time care per week were 44.35 hours reported by 1,211 providers (71.45%). On average, the hours constituting full-time care per day were 9.36 hours from 1,233 providers (72.74%). On average, a weekly rate for full-time care covers 4.91 days per week (M = 4.91, SD = .57) from 1,313 responses (77.46%). Table 11 presents the average hours constituting full-time care per week and full-time care per day by provider type and geographic location.

TABLE 11. | MEAN AND STANDARD DEVIATIONS OF HOURS

PROVIDER	FULL-	ТІМЕ НО	OURS PER V	VEEK	FULL-TIME	E HOURS	PER DAY	
M(SD)	URBAN	n	RURAL	n	URBAN	n	RURAL	n
Home I & II	46.85 (22.81)	351	44.23 (12.97)	538	9.87 (3.68)	353	9.55 (4.17)	542
Center-based	47.95 (16.79)	130	40.73 (29.54)	125	9.67 (3.62)	131	8.68 (6.50)	129
School Age	28.30 (17.65)	37	24.23 (16.32)	11	5.43 (3.38)	43	5.48 (5.76)	16

Enrollment Fee

A total of 619 (36.52%) out of the 1,695 respondents reported on the enrollment fee. Among them, 600 (35.40%) out of the 619 providers charged an enrollment fee. Table 12 presents the means and standard deviations of the enrollment fee by provider type and geographic location. Results indicate providers in urban areas charge a higher enrollment fee than providers in rural areas. Home I & II providers charge a higher enrollment fee than Center-based care providers, regardless of geographic setting. Center-based care providers charge a higher enrollment fee than School Age providers, regardless of geographic setting.

TABLE 12. | MEANS AND STANDARD DEVIATIONS FOR THE ENROLLMENT FEE BY PROVIDER TYPE AND GEOGRAPHY

		URBAN		RURAL
PROVIDER TYPE	N	M (SD)	N	M (SD)
Home I & II	109	\$80.56 (75.03)	91	\$72.89 (58.00)
Center-based	192	\$63.47 (44.58)	135	\$38.97 (23.67)
School Age	60	\$36.52 (23.75)	11	\$27.27 (8.47)

Child Care Subsidy Agreements

Out of 1,695 providers who responded,1,370 providers (80.83%) addressed whether they had a Child Care Subsidy agreement with NDHHS at the time of the survey. Among this group, 608 providers (44.38%) did not have a Child Care Subsidy agreement, and the other 762 providers (55.62%) had an agreement (see Figure 4). Specifically, 381 (50%) Home I & II providers had an agreement; 281 (36.88%) Center-based providers had an agreement; and 86 (11.29%) School Age providers had an agreement (see Figure 4). A total of 1,461 providers (86.19%) responded to the number of children their program currently receives subsidy payments for from NDHHS at the time of the survey. On average, providers currently receive subsidy payments for 4.69 children (M=4.69, SD=12.48). A total of 1,591 providers (93.9%) responded on whether they accept subsidy as payment at the time of the survey. Among this group, 836 out of the 1,591 providers (49.3%) did not accept subsidy as payment at the time of the survey, and the other 755 providers (44.5%) did accept subsidy as payment at the time of the survey.

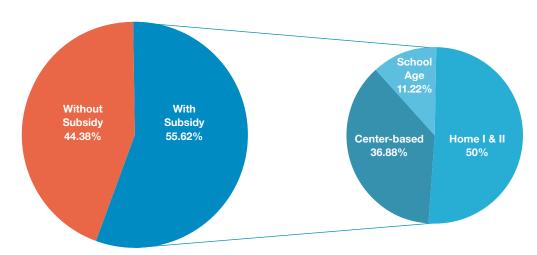


FIGURE 4. | DISTRIBUTION OF CHILD CARE SUBSIDY AGREEMENT FROM RESPONDENTS

SPECIAL POPULATIONS: CHILDREN WITH SPECIAL NEEDS, ENGLISH LANGUAGE LEARNERS, MIGRANT CHILDREN, AND HOMELESS CHILDREN

A total of 1,634 (96.4%) providers responded whether they had children enrolled with diverse backgrounds at the time of the survey. Among them, 801 (47.3%) of the 1,634 indicated they had children enrolled with diverse backgrounds. Specifically, 737 (45.1%) providers serve children with special needs (medical and/or behavioral); 380 (23.26%) providers have English Language Learners (ELLs) enrolled; 216 (13.22%) providers have migrant children enrolled; 199 (12.18%) providers have homeless children.

Table 13 presents the percentage of providers who reported currently enrolling children with diverse backgrounds by provider type and geographic location. The highest percentage of sites serving diverse children are Center-based providers, followed by Home I & II. The percentage of providers serving diverse children in urban areas is higher than that in rural areas regardless of provider type for both Center-based providers and School Age providers. This pattern reversed for Home I & II providers.

TABLE 13. | PERCENTAGE OF PROVIDERS WITH CURRENTLY ENROLLED CHILDREN WITH SPECIAL NEEDS, HOMELESS CHILDREN, MIGRANT CHILDREN, ELLS

		EN WITH L NEEDS ^a	HOME CHILD		MIGR CHILD	
PROVIDER TYPE	URBAN	RURAL	URBAN	RURAL	URBAN	RURAL
Home I & II	117 (15.88%)	212 (28.77%)	24 (12.06%)	37 (18.59%)	33 (15.28%)	36 (16.67%)
Center-based	146 (19.81%)	150 (20.35%)	43 (21.61%)	38 (19.10%)	50 (23.15%)	39 (18.06%)
School Age	68 (9.23%)	22 (2.99%)	40 (20.10%)	7 (3.52%)	42 (19.44%)	8 (3.70%)

Note: Percentage is calculated by dividing the number of providers within each cell by the total number of each child type ($N_{specialneeds}$ =737; $N_{homeless}$ =199; $N_{migrant}$ =216; N_{ELL} =380).

Provider Perspectives: Expanded Responses

To further examine issues related to participation in the Child Care Subsidy program, providers were offered opportunities to expand on their survey answers in writing. Over 800 (n=808) distinct licensed child care providers responded to open-ended survey questions. Table 14 provides the number of unique responses across all open-ended survey questions for the Family Child Care Homes I and II group as well as the Child Care Centers and Preschools group.

TABLE 14. | NUMBER OF UNIQUE RESPONSES ACROSS ALL ADDITIONAL WRITING QUESTIONS

Total	1,238
Child Care Center and Preschool	329
Family Child Care Home I and II	909

CHILD CARE SUBSIDY PARTICIPATION

Providers were asked to describe reasons about subsidy participation in a series of three questions:

Why do you not accept Child Care Subsidy (Title XX)?

Why would you not accept a child that is utilizing Child Care Subsidy?

Why do you not accept Subsidy as a payment now?

Answers to these questions were thematically coded into categories (Guest, MacQueen, Namey, 2012) and then analyzed across these three questions. Of the providers, 808 (47.7%) of the responses were codable answers that were interpretable in the context of the questions. Licensed Family Child Care Home I and II providers supplied the majority of responses, 77.6% (n= 627), and providers from licensed Child Care Centers and Preschools supplied 18.3% (n=148) of the responses. Across all types of providers, 15.2% (n= 204) indicated multiple reasons for not accepting children funded by child care subsidy, including payment issues, administrative issues, not being interested in participating, and/or negative past experiences were often listed together. Responses were coded into eight distinct categories: no need for subsidy, subsidy not applicable, issues with subsidy payment, administrative issues, not interested in accepting subsidy, negative past experiences with subsidy, logistical issues, and no knowledge of subsidy.

No perceived need for subsidy. Across all provider groups, 39.9% (n= 322) responded that they did not perceive a need for child care subsidy. Comments in this category included: parents had not asked providers for subsidy to be accepted, enrollment slots were full (with or without a waiting list), providers served populations that could afford current rates, providers had been enrolled in the past but let their agreement lapse, and providers offered scholarships to the children they served.

Awareness and applicability. Over 13 percent of the providers (13.3%, n=107), reported that they either did not know about the subsidy program (1.0%; n=8) or that the program did not apply to them (12.3%; n=99).

Payment issues. Some providers (9.3%; n=75) described issues with the payment for the care they provided to children funded by subsidy, including reductions in payment when children were not in care, and the time lag between submitting paperwork and payment, the methods for payment, and the infrequent pay schedule. Providers shared that they could not make enough money if they accepted children funded by subsidy.

Administrative issues. Some providers (6.1%, n=49), described administrative difficulties with subsidy, such as problems with communication and receiving notifications from DHHS. Administrative difficulties included perceptions that the amount and complexity of the necessary paperwork was too intensive and a "hassle".

Lack of interest. Other providers, (4.8%, n=39), stated they were "simply not interested" in participating, with some indicating that it was their personal preference or right to operate their business as they so choose. Of these providers, some had "heard bad things" about the program, but most reported that they were not interested in participating.

Negative experiences with subsidy. A few providers, 1.2% (n=10) described negative past experiences with accepting subsidy. Examples of negative past experiences included negative interactions with parents regarding payment of the parent portion of the fees, uncertain drop-off and pickup times, short notice when terminating care, and providers feeling "taken advantage of."

Logistical issues. Less than half a percent (0.2%; n=2) of the responding providers reported issues related to computer use—not having or understanding how to operate a computer.

BARRIERS TO PARTICIPATION

Providers were asked about barriers preventing them from participating in the child care subsidy program in the following question:

As a provider, please tell us any barriers you have experienced with the Subsidy program.

Over half of responded providers (56.1%; n=950) provided codable entries. Responses were coded by themes, and licensed Family Child Care Homes provided the majority of responses (65.2%; n=619), while over a quarter of the statements, 26.3% (n=250), came from licensed Child Care Centers and Preschools. Responses were coded into 10 categories: no need for or experience with the subsidy program, not applicable, not interested, negative past experiences with subsidy use, payment issues, administrative issues, logistical issues, miscellaneous, and no barriers.

Just over three percent (3.3%; n=31) of providers indicated that they had either **no need for or no experience** with the subsidy program. Ten percent (n=95) of providers indicated that the subsidy program was **not applicable to their provider type**. A small segment of providers 1.4% (n=13) indicated they simply were **not interested or had heard negative things about the program**. Over six percent (6.4%; n=61) of providers indicated that **negative past experiences with subsidy use** was a barrier to participating in the subsidy program. Some responses in this category included comments indicating friction in the relationship between the provider and parents.

Payment and administrative issues often appeared together in the responses. Just over 12 percent (12.2%; n=116) of providers indicated multiple barriers to their participation in the program. Notably, over a quarter of providers (25.3%; n=240) possessed no barriers to participating in the child care subsidy. Some providers offered compliments to the program on its ease of use.

Almost one quarter of providers (23.7%; n=225) indicated *payment issues* were a barrier to participating in the subsidy program. Responses in this category included reporting lost revenue due to children's lack of attendance. Just over half of the providers who responded to the barriers question (51.6%; n=166) specifically mention subsidy rates as a barrier to accepting children funded by subsidy. In the Family Child Care Home group, 46.9% (n=100) of these providers mentioned subsidy rates as a barrier. In the Child Care Center and Preschool group, 60.2% (n=50) of these providers mentioned subsidy rates as a barrier. Responses in this category include those subsidy rates or pay being too low, private pay rates being higher than subsidy, and losing

money/budget problems due to the difference between their private pay rates and subsidy rates.

Furthermore, 16% (n=152) of providers indicated administrative issues as barriers, especially difficulties with paperwork. Just over one percent (1.1%, n=10) of providers described logistical problems (e.g. computer and staffing issues).

Miscellaneous (low frequency) responses (.7%, n=7) included parents not paying the family fee or co-pay, the need for parents to request subsidy in order for providers to qualify for it, and the (lack of) value of the subsidy program.

LIMITS TO PARTICIPATION

When asked about the limits to the number of children funded by subsidy they would accept into their program, 13.3% (n=226) of providers answered the following question:

What are the limits you have to the number of children you will accept who participate in the Subsidy program?

Of the respondents, 77.4% (n=175) were licensed Family Child Care Homes I and II, and 19% (n=43) were licensed Child Care Centers or Preschools. Providers most frequently specified a number of children they would accept, which were recoded into ranges and described subsequently. Across all provider types, 31.4% (n=71) indicated they were willing to enroll between one and five children funded by subsidy, 30.1% of providers (n=68) indicated they were not willing to enroll any children funded by subsidy, 7.5% (n=17) indicated they were willing to take six or more children funded by subsidy, and 3.1% (n=7) indicated they did not limit the number of children they enrolled who were funded by subsidy.

Among providers in Family Child Care Homes, 36% (n=63) were willing to take between one and five children, 33.7% (n=59), stated they were not willing to take any children funded by subsidy, 6.9% (n=12) were willing to take six or more children funded by subsidy, and 1.7% (n=3) indicated they did not have a limit. Providers in the family child care home settings sometimes also indicated the reason they will not enroll children funded by subsidy, or only take between one and five children funded by subsidy, is due to low pay compared to what they generally charge ("can't take that kind of loss each week," "income restrictions," etc.).

Among (combined) Child Care Center and Preschool providers, 18.6% (n=8) indicated they were willing to enroll between one and five children funded by subsidy,

11.6% (n=5) indicated they were not willing to enroll any children funded by subsidy, 11.6% (n=5) indicated they were willing to enroll six or more children funded by subsidy, and 9.3% (n=4) indicated they had no limit to the number they were willing to enroll. Some providers in the combined child care center and preschool group stated they would take none or only up to five children due to the loss of income ("don't pay enough," "all my budget allows," etc.).

Across provider types, some providers choose to answer the question in ways that did not directly specify the number of children funded by subsidy they were willing to enroll in their programs. For example, six providers gave a percentage (ranging between 25% and 50%) of their total children, while others indicated that they were only willing to take children in specific time slots or age ranges. Still others said it depended on their current income or budget. These additional responses indicate that providers use a variety of strategies for determining how many children funded by subsidy they are willing to enroll and provide care for.

Overall, the written responses allowed for a more thorough examination of the reasons and motivations for subsidy use among child care providers across settings. Learning these perspectives may allow program and policy teams to better understand how the child care subsidy program in Nebraska can be improved to better serve children, families, and child care providers.

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Appendix A: 2019 Nebraska Market Rate Survey

2019 Nebraska Childcare Market Rates Survey

Wh pro	In I: About Your Program ich of the following best describes your igram? Family Child Care Home I (Licensed)	5.	Does your program a months)? ○ Yes ○ No → Go to #7		s (18 36
0000	Family Child Care Home II (Licensed) Child Care Center (Licensed) School Age Only Center (Licensed) Preschool (Licensed)	6.	How many toddlers your program?	are currently	enrolled in
O	Other, please specify:	7.	Does your program (36 months school Yes	age)?	ol age children
Doe	es your program serve infants (up to 18		No → Go to #9		
mo O	nths)? Yes No → Go to #5	8.	How many preschool enrolled in your pro		n are currently
Hov	w many infants are currently enrolled in your				
pro	gram?	9	Does your program	serve school :	age children
		٠.	(kindergarten age a		age cimaren
			Yes	• •	
14/h	at in the mainimum and you allow inforts to		No → Go to #1	1	
	at is the minimum age you allow infants to oll in your program?				
_	On in your program:	10.	How many school a		e currently
			enrolled in your pro	gram?	
Are	e you accredited with each of the following?				
				Yes	No
	National Accreditation Commission for Early Care a			0	0
	National Association for the Education of Young Chi		(NAEYC)	0	0
	National Early Childhood Program Accreditation (NE	ECPA)		0	0
d.	. National Association for Family Child Care (NAFCC)			0	0
	. Association Montessori International (AMI)			0	
	American Montessori Society (AMS)			0	0
f.	Nietienel Aften Celeral Acceptation			0	0
f.	National After School Association Other, please specify:			Ô	\cap

	o you participate in, re	Ye			please describe the extent	to which you participate
á	a. Head Start	С	0			
ı	b. Early HeadStart	С) (
	c. Sixpence	С) (
	d. Step up to Quality	С) (
	e. Child and Adult Car Program (CACFP)	re Food) (
	f. T.E.A.C.H. Early Childhood® NEBRA	SKA	0			
	g. Other, please spec	ify:	0			
3. Pl	ease answer the follow	wing questions	about vour h	nours of o	oeration.	
		Are you open fo	-			
		n a week? Yes		No	If yes, what are your no Open Time	rmal hours of operation? Close Time
á	a. Monday	0		0		
-	b. Tuesday	0	1	0	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
	c. Wednesday	0		0		
	d. Thursday	0		0	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	
	e. Friday	0		0		
-	f. Saturday	0		0	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
	g. Sunday	0	1	0		
	oes your program prov	vide evening ca	re?	17	7. Does your program prov	ide overnight care?
					YesNo → Go to #20	
5. W	that is your <u>hourly</u> rate	_	re?	18	3. What is your <u>hourly</u> rate	•
	pproximately how mai		our	19	Approximately how man program receive overnig	

YesNo → Go to #23	summer? Yes
\(\frac{10}{2}\) \(\frac{10}{2}\) \(\frac{10}{2}\)	○ No → Go to #35
21. What is your hourly rate for weekend care?	22 Mbatis was based for some design the
\$ per hour	33. What is your <u>hourly</u> rate for care during the summer?
, (,), (,)	\$ per hour
22. Approximately how many children in your	y, per nour
program receive weekend care?	34. Approximately how many children in your
Children	program receive care during the summer?
	Children
23. Does your program provide drop in care?	
YesNo → Go to #26	35. Does your program provide care during the holidays (except major holidays)?
O 1 22 22	Yes
24. What is your hourly rate for drop in care?	No → Go to #38
\$ per hour	36. What is your hourly rate for care during the
	holidays?
25. Approximately how many children in your	\$ per hour
program receive drop in care?	,
Children	37. Approximately how many children in your
	program receive care during the holidays?
26. Does your program provide emergency care? Yes	Children
O No → Go to #29	
	Section II: Child Care Rates and Fees
27. What is your hourly rate for emergency care?	38. What rate do you charge?
\$ per hour	○ Full time○ Part time → Go to #47
	Both full time and part time
28. Approximately how many children in your program receive emergency care?	
	39. Do you charge each of the following types of rates for full time care?
Children	Yes No
29. Does your program provide care during school	a. Hourly
breaks?	b. Daily O O
	d. Monthly
No → Go to #32	·
30. What is your hourly rate for care during school	40. How many days per week does your full time weekly rate cover?
breaks?	1 day
\$]. per hour	O 2 days
	3 days
31. Approximately how many children in your	4 days5 days
program receive care during school breaks?	6 days
Children	7 days

1. How many hours are included for full time care per day? Hours	46. What is your standard full time rate for <u>school</u> <u>age</u> (kindergarten and up)? Please fill in only the boxes that apply to your program.
	a. Hourly \$
2. How many hours are included for full time care per week?	b. Daily \$.
Hours	c. Weekly \$
3. What is your standard full time rate for infants (up to 18 months)? Please fill in only the boxes	d. Monthly \$
that apply to your program. a. Hourly \$	If full time only, go to #55.
	47. Do you charge each of the following types of rates for part time care?
b. Daily \$.	Yes No
	a. Hourly
c. Weekly \$	b. Daily O
	c. Weekly
d. Monthly \$	d. Monthly
4. What is your standard full time rate for toddlers (18 36 months)? Please fill in only the boxes that apply to your program. a. Hourly \$	weekly rate cover?
	O 1 == 1 =
c. Weekly \$	49. How many hours are included for part time care per day?
c. Weekly \$	49. How many hours are included for part time care
	49. How many hours are included for part time care per day?
d. Monthly \$	49. How many hours are included for part time care per day? Hours 50. How many hours are included for part time care per week? Hours Hours Hours
d. Monthly \$	49. How many hours are included for part time care per day? Hours 50. How many hours are included for part time care per week? Hours 51. What is your standard part time rate for infants (up to 18 months)? Please fill in only the boxes that apply to your program.
d. Monthly \$	49. How many hours are included for part time care per day? Hours 50. How many hours are included for part time care per week? Hours 51. What is your standard part time rate for infants (up to 18 months)? Please fill in only the boxes that apply to your program. a. Hourly \$

	standard part time rate for 6 months)? Please fill in only the ply to your program.	56. What are your <u>before</u> school rates for school age children? Please fill in only the boxes that apply to your program.
a. Hourly	\$.	a. Hourly \$
b. Daily	\$.	b. Daily \$.
c. Weekly	\$.	c. Weekly \$
d. Monthl	y \$	d. Monthly \$
preschool (36	standard part time rate for months school age)? Please fill in s that apply to your program.	57. What are your <u>after</u> school rates for school age children? Please fill in only the boxes that apply to your program.
b. Daily	\$.	a. Hourly \$
c. Weekly	\$.	b. Daily \$
d. Monthl	y \$.	c. Weekly \$
age (kinderga	standard part time rate for <u>school</u> rten and up)? Please fill in only the ply to your program.	
a. Hourly	\$.	58. Do you charge an enrollment fee? Yes
b. Daily	\$.	○ No → Go to #60
	\$.	
c. Weekly		59. How much do you charge for the enrollment fee?
d. Monthl	y \$	\$

		many staff are empl Full time:	oyed at your	program?		apply	to your prog	ram.	$\neg \subset$		
	u.					a.	Hourly	\$	_]. _	\sqcup	
	b.	Part time:				b.	Daily	\$	_].[_		
62	Do ea	ach of the following	nav for requir	ed Health		c.	Weekly	\$	_).[_		
	and S	afety trainings of yo Aid/CPR, fire safety,	ur staff (e.g.,	Pediatric		d.	Monthly	\$			
	repor	ting of suspected ab	-	•							
	a.	Program	Yes	No	68.		many childrei are enrolled				ial
		Individual staff	Ŏ	Ö			Infants (up	<u> </u>			
	C.	Other, please	0	0			to 18		Childr	en	
		specify:				b.	months) Toddler		_		
							(18 36		Childr	en	
							months)				
		oximately how much th on required Health				c.	Preschool (36	_	_		
		<u>n</u> on required Healti staff?	i and Sarety t	rainings of			months		Childre	en	
	_						school age)				
							School age		_		
	\$					d.	_) a		
	\$ 	J I do not pay for train	ings of my sta	ıff		d.	(kindergart		Childr	en	
S a a		. ,		iff		d.	_		Childr	en	
	tion	IV: Diversity of	Children		69.		(kindergart en and up)	re for ch	J		edical
64.	tion Does	IV: Diversity of your program serve	Children		69.	Do yo	(kindergart en and up) ou provide car al needs? (Exa	amples r	ildren wi	ith <u>me</u> ude bu	it are not
64.	tion Does	IV: Diversity of	Children		69.	Do yo specia limite	(kindergart en and up) ou provide car	amples r seizure	ildren wi nay inclu disorder	ith <u>me</u> ude bu s, dial	it are not
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64.	Does follow a. b.	IV: Diversity of your program serve ving charateristics? Children with special needs Homeless	Children children with Yes	No		Do you special limited severed to the severed to th	(kindergart en and up) u provide car al needs? (Exad to: C tube, e allergies rec fes No → Go to # hildren with n	amples r seizure quiring E 73	ildren winay includisorder pi pen.)	ith <u>me</u> ude bu s, dial	at are not betes, do your
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	are enrolled in your program?	currently receive Subsidy payments for?
	a. Infants (up to Children 18 months)	Children
	b. Toddler (18 36 months) Children	
	c. Preschool (36 months- Children school age)	80. Do you have limits on the number of children you will accept who participate in the Subsidy program? Yes
	d. School age (kindergarten Children and up)	○ No → Go to #82
73.	Do you accept Child Care Subsidy (Title XX)? ○ Yes → Go to #75	81. What are the limits you have to the number of children you will accept who participate in the Subsidy program?
	O No	
74.	Why do you not accept Child Care Subsidy (Title XX)?	
	► Go to #77	 82. Have you ever provided care for children on the Subsidy program in the past? Yes No
75.	Do you currently have a Child Care Subsidy agreement with DHHS? Yes No → Go to #77	83. Do you accept Subsidy as a payment now? ○ Yes → Go to #85 ○ No
76.	How many children do you currently have enrolled that are utilizing Child Care Subsidy?	84. Why do you not accept Subsidy as a payment now?
	Children	
77.	If you had an open enrollment spot, would you accept a child that is utilizing Child Care Subsidy? ○ Yes → Go to #79 ○ No	
78.	Why would you not accept a child that is utilizing Child Care Subsidy?	85. As a provider, please tell us any barriers you have experienced with the Subsidy program.

	Child care rates in the community		ence on the rates you charge to families? Child care rates in the community
_	Staff salaries and training costs		Staff salaries and training costs
\circ	Overall operating costs	0	Overall operating costs
0	Child Care Subsidy/CCDF reimbursement	0	Child Care Subsidy/CCDF reimbursement
\cap	rates Profit level desired	\cap	rates Profit level desired
	Parents' ability/willingness to pay	_	Parents' ability/willingness to pay
		J	,, 0 ,,
ss. Wha	t other factors impact your rates for children?		
89. Pleas	se explain if you feel this survey does not apply to	you.	
			II .
	old you like to have a copy of the final report emai	led to you?	
\circ	Yes	led to you?	
0	Yes No → Go to End	-	
0	Yes	-	
0	Yes No → Go to End	-	
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Appendix B: **Communication Materials**



BUREAU OF SOCIOLOGICAL RESEARCH

Department of Sociology 907 Oldfather Hal P.O. Box 880325 Lincoln, NE 68588-0325 (402) 472-3672 FAX (402) 472-4568 1-800-480-4549 Email: bosr@unl.edu

DATE

[Provider name] «Street» «Apt» «City», «STATE_ABBR» «ZIP»-«ZIP4»

Dear [Provider name],

We are writing to ask for your help with the 2019 Nebraska Market Rate Survey, referred to as the MRS. We mailed the survey to all licensed Child Care Providers in Nebraska. The purpose of the survey is to obtain private pay child care rates and private pay child care rates for children with special needs across the state. Results from the MRS will set the 2019-2021 Child Care Subsidy reimbursement rates for Nebraska

The enclosed survey is conducted by the Buffett Early Childhood Institute on behalf of the Nebraska Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS). The Buffett Early Childhood Institute is an institute of the University of Nebraska dedicated to transforming the lives of children by improving their learning and development. In order to help with this effort, the Buffett Institute and DHHS have asked the Bureau of Sociological Research at the University of Nebraska-Lincoln to conduct this survey. This effort can only be successful with your help. We ask that the director of your child care program complete the survey. This survey should only take 10-15 minutes of your time to complete. It is intended to represent the prices currently charged for child care across Nebraska, which will be used to determine the 2019-2021 Child Care Subsidy reimbursement rates for Nebraska, affording equitable access to child care for all young Nebraskans.

Your participation is voluntary, and your licensing status will not be affected by your responses. You will not be penalized in any way for your participation or withdrawal from participation. A postage paid return envelope is enclosed for your convenience. All responses will be kept strictly confidential. No identifying information will be available in any format in the final report.

We are happy to answer any questions or concerns you may have about the survey. You may contact the Bureau of Sociological Research (BOSR) at (800) 480-4549 or bosr@unl.edu with any questions in regards to filling out or returning your survey. If you have questions about the purpose of the survey, you may contact Dr. Greg Welch at (402) 554-2211 or gwelch@nebraska.edu, or Elizabeth Svoboda at (402) 554-3566 or esvoboda@nebraska.edu.

Thank you for taking the time to answer this brief survey. Please accept the \$1 token of appreciation for your consideration. We truly appreciate your time. Thank you.

Sincerely,

Lindsey Witt-Swanson Assistant Director

Bureau of Sociological Research University of Nebraska-Lincoln

Lindsey Witt-Swanson

907 Oldfather Hall / P.O. Box 880325 / Lincoln, NE 68588-0325 / (402)472-3672 / 1-800-480-4549 / bosr@unl.edu



BUREAU OF SOCIOLOGICAL RESEARCH

Department of Sociology 907 Oldfather Hall P.O. Box 880325 Lincoln, NE 68588-0325 (402) 472-3672 FAX (402) 472-4568 1-800-480-4549 Email: bosr@unl.edu

DATE

Nebraska Resident «Street» «Apt» «City», «STATE_ABBR» «ZIP»-«ZIP4»

Dear [Provider name],

A few weeks ago we asked your child care program to complete the 2019 Nebraska Market Rate Survey (MRS). We have not yet received your program's completed survey.

The survey is intended to represent the prices currently charged for child care across Nebraska, which will be used to determine the 2019-2021 Child Care Subsidy reimbursement rates for Nebraska, affording equitable access to child care for all young Nebraskans. We ask that **the director of your child care program** complete the survey.

To complete the survey, please answer the questions and return the survey in the enclosed return envelope. The survey takes approximately 10-15 minutes. Your participation is voluntary, and your licensing status will not be affected by your responses. All responses will be kept confidential. Your answers will be combined with other people's answers in all reports, papers, presentations, and other analyses so nobody can tell who gave which answers. No identifying information will be reported. Thus, there are no known risks to participating.

We are happy to answer any questions or concerns you may have about the survey. You may contact the Bureau of Sociological Research (BOSR) at (800) 480-4549 or bosr@unl.edu with any questions in regards to filling out or returning your survey. If you have questions about the purpose of the survey, you may contact Dr. Greg Welch at (402) 554-2211 or gwelch@nebraska.edu, or Elizabeth Svoboda at (402) 554-3566 or esvoboda@nebraska.edu.

Sincerely,

Lindsey Witt-Swanson Assistant Director

Bureau of Sociological Research University of Nebraska-Lincoln

Lindsey Witt-Swanson

907 Oldfather Hall / P.O. Box 880325 / Lincoln, NE 68588-0325 / (402)472-3672 / 1-800-480-4549 / bosr@unl.edu

«ID»



DEPARTMENT OF SOCIOLOGY Bureau of Sociological Research NON PROFIT US POSTAGE PAID UNL

907 Oldfather Hall P.O. Box 880325 Lincoln, NE 68588-0325

RETURN SERVICEREQUESTED

Dear [Provider],

Last week I sent you the MRS survey. If you have already done it, thank you! If not, please do so. I really need your help. Remember to have **the director of your child care program** complete the survey so the results will be valid. If you need another copy, please call 1-800-480-4549.

The survey will be used to set the Child Care Subsidy rates for 2019-2021 in Nebraska, affording equitable access to child care across the state. Your participation is voluntary, and your responses will be kept completely confidential.

Thank you for your time.

Lindsey Witt-Swanson Assistant Director Bureau of Sociological Research University of Nebraska-Lincoln



Buffett Early Childhood Institute

at the University of Nebraska

Omaha, NE 68106 402.554.2924

buffettinstitute.nebraska.edu









